

Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation CLP (EC) No. 1272/2008

Page 1 of 13

2-ETHOXYETHYL CYANOACRYLATE

AFINITICA[®] 2-Ethoxyethyl Cyanoacrylate

SDB nº: 242915 V4.0 (JULY 2015) Created: JANUARY 2014

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

AFINITICA[®] 2-Ethoxyethyl Cyanoacrylate.

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use: Monomer.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Afinitica Technologies S.L. Edificio Eureka, Parc de Recerca UAB 08193 Bellaterra (Barcelona)

> España Telephone number: +34 93 580 1974 info@afinitica.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Afinitica Technologies S.L. + 34 93 580 19 74

Afinitica Technologies (24 h) + 34 694 412 618

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation CLP (EC) No. 1272/2008

Not a hazardous substance or mixture according to Regulation CLP (EC) No. 1272/2008.

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation CLP (EC) No. 1272/2008

Pictograms	None.
Signal Word	None.
Hazard statements EUH202	Cyanoacrylate. Danger. Bonds skin and eyes in seconds. Keep out of the reach of children.
Precautionary statements P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing.

For full text of these Hazard and Precautionary statements, see Section 16.

2.3. Other hazards

None.

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable .

3.2. Mixtures

General chemical description: Cyanoacrylate monomer.

Declaration of the ingredients according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008:

Hazardous component	CAS-No.	EC-No.	Content	Classification
2-Ethoxyethyl cyanoacrylate	21982-43-4	-	>95 - ≤100 %	-
Hydroquinone	123-31-9	204-617-8	0.01 - < 0.1 %	Carc. 2; H351 Muta. 2; H341 Acute Tox. 4; H302 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 M factor: 10



Tritolyl phosphate 1330-78-5 215-548-8	0.01 - < 0.1%	Repr.2; H361 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H411
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For full text of these Hazard, Precautionary, Risk and Safety statements, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General advice:

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

In case of skin contact:

Do not pull bonded skin apart. It may be gently peeled apart using a blunt object such as a spoon, preferably after soaking in warm soapy water. Cyanoacrylates give off heat on solidification. In rare cases a large drop will generate enough heat to cause a burn. Burns should be treated normally after the adhesive has been removed from the skin. If lips are accidentally stuck together apply warm water to the lips and encourage maximum wetting and pressure from saliva inside the mouth. Peel or roll lips apart. Do not try to pull the lips apart with direct opposing action.

In case of eye contact:

If the eye is bonded closed, release eyelashes with warm water by covering with wet pad. Cyanoacrylate will bond to eye protein and will cause periods of weeping which will help to debond the adhesive. Keep eye covered until debonding is complete, usually within 1-3 days. Do not force eye open. Medical advice should be sought in case solid particles of cyanoacrylate trapped behind the eyelid cause any abrasive damage.

If swallowed:

Ensure that breathing passages are not obstructed. The product will polymerise immediately in the mouth making it almost impossible to swallow. Saliva will slowly separate the solidified product from the mouth (several hours).

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Skin

redness, inflammation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

See section 4.1

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons: None known.



5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides, nitrogen oxides (NOx).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary.

5.4. Further information

No data available.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains.

6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Do not use cloths for mopping up. Flood with water to complete polymerization and scrape off the floor. Cured material can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See advice in section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ventilation (low level) is recommended when using large volumes. Use of dispensing equipment is recommended to minimise the risk of skin or eye contact.

Hygiene measures:

Wash hands before work breaks and after finishing work. Do not eat, drink or smoke while working. Good industrial hygiene practices should be observed.



7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

For optimum shelf life store in original containers under refrigerated conditions at 2 - 8°C (35.6 - 46.4 °F).

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Monomer.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Valid for

Great Britain

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL):

Substance	Long-term ex (8-hr TWA ref	•	Short-term exp (15 minute refe	Remarks	
	ppm	mg/m ³	ppm	mg/m ³	
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	-	0.5	-	-	-

Biological Exposure Indices:

None

8.2. Exposure controls

Respiratory protection:

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Hand protection:

Chemical-resistant protective gloves (EN 374).

Suitable materials for short-term contact or splashes (recommended: at least protection index 2, corresponding to > 30 minutes permeation time as per EN 374): nitrile rubber (NBR; >= 0.4 mm thickness).

Suitable materials for longer, direct contact (recommended: protection index 6, corresponding to > 480 minutes permeation time as per EN 374): nitrile rubber (NBR; >= 0.4 mm thickness).

This information is based on literature references and on information provided by glove manufacturers, or is derived by analogy with similar substances. Please note that in practice the working life of chemical-resistant protective gloves may be considerably shorter than the permeation time determined in accordance with EN 374 as a result of the many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.

Polyethylene or polypropylene gloves are recommended when using large volumes. Do not use PVC, rubber or nylon gloves.



Please note that in practice the working life of chemical resistant gloves may be considerably reduced as a result of many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). Suitable risk assessment should be carried out by the end user. If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.

The use of chemical resistant gloves such as Neoprene or Natural Rubber is recommended.

Eye protection:

Wear protective glasses.

Body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Liquid

Odourless

pH Initial boiling point Flash point Decomposition temperature Vapour pressure Density Bulk density Viscosity Viscosity (kinematic) Explosive properties Qualitative solubility (solvent: water) Solidification temperature Melting point Flammability Auto-Ignition temperature Explosive limits	No data available/Not applicable. 73-76 °C. No data available/Not applicable. No data available/Not applicable.
Auto-Ignition temperature	No data available/Not applicable.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water Evaporation rate Vapour density Oxidizing properties	No data available/Not applicable. No data available/Not applicable. No data available/Not applicable. No data available/Not applicable.

9.2. Other safety information

No data available/Not applicable

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Rapid exothermic polymerization will occur in the presence of water, amines, alkalis and alcohols.



10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

See section 10.1

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions of storage and use.

10.5. Incompatible materials

None if used properly

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None known if used as indicated.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

General toxicological information:

The mixture is classified based on the available hazard information for the ingredients as defined in the classification criteria for mixtures for each hazard class or differentiation in Annex I to Regulation 1272/2008/EC.

Relevant available health/ecological information for the substances listed under Section 3 is provided in the following.

STOT-single exposure:

May cause respiratory irritation.

Inhalative toxicity:

Prolonged exposure to high concentrations of vapours may lead to chronic effects in sensitive individuals. In dry atmosphere with < 50% humidity, vapours may irritate the eyes and the respiratory system.

Skin irritation:

Bonds skin in seconds. Considered to be of low toxicity: acute dermal LD50 (rabbit) > 2000mg/kg. Due to polymerisation at the skin surface allergic reaction is unlikely to occur

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
Tritolyl phosphate 1330-78-5	No skin irritation	24 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)



Eye irritation:

Irritating to eyes. Liquid product will bond eyelids. In a dry atmosphere (RH < 50%) vapours may cause irritation and lachrymatory effect

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
Tritolyl phosphate 1330-78-5	No eye irritation	24 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)

Acute oral toxicity:

Cyanoacrylates are considered to have relatively low toxicity. Acute oral LD50 is >5000mg/kg (rat). It is almost impossible to swallow as it rapidly polymerises in the mouth.

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Route of application	Exposure time	Species	Method
Tritolyl phosphate 1330-78-5	LD50	15,750 mg/kg	oral	-	rat	OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

Acute dermal toxicity:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Route of application	Exposure time	Species	Method
Tritolyl phosphate 1330-78-5	LD50	3,700 mg/kg	dermal	-	rabbit	OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

Respiratory or skin sensitization:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	Sensitising	Guinea pig maximisation test	Guinea pig	-

Germ cell mutagenicity:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Type of study / Route of administration / Route of time		Species	Method
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	negative	Bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g. Ames test)	with and without	-	EU Method B.13/14 (Mutagenicity)



Repeated dose toxicity:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of treatment	Species	Method
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	NOAEL ≥ 250 mg/kg	oral: gavage	14 days, 5 days/week. 12 doses	rat	OECD Guideline 407 (repeated Dose 28-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	LOAEL ≤ 500 mg/kg	oral: gavage	14 days, 5 days/week. 12 doses	rat	OECD Guideline 407 (repeated Dose 28-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

General ecological information:

Biological and Chemical Oxygen Demands (BOD and COD) are insignificant. The mixture is classified based on the available hazard information for the ingredients as defined in the classification criteria for mixtures for each hazard class or differentiation in Annex I to Regulation 1272/2008/EC.

Relevant available health/ecological information for the substances listed under Section 3 is provided in the following.

Ecotoxicity:

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Acute Toxicity Study	Exposure time	Species	Method
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	LC50	0.638 mg/l	Fish	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	EC50	0.134 mg/l	Daphnia	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	EC50	0.335 mg/l	Algae	72 h	Selenastrum capricornutum (new name: Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	NOEC	0.0057 mg/l	chronic Daphnia	21 d	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna, Reproduction Test)
Tritolyl phosphate 1330-78-5	LC50	0.6 mg/l	Fish	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
Tritolyl phosphate 1330-78-5	EC50	0.146 mg/l	Daphnia	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)



Tritolyl phosphate 1330-78-5	EC50	0.404 mg/l	Algae	72 h	Desmodesmus subspicatus	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Tritolyl phosphate 1330-78-5	EC50	> 1,000 mg/l	Sludge treatment	3 h	Bacteriae	OECD Guideline 209

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Route of application	Degradability	Method
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	readily biodegradable	Aerobic	75 - 81 %	EU Method C.4-E (Determination of the "Ready" Biodegradability: Closed Bottle Test)
Tritolyl phosphate 1330-78-5	Not readily biodegradable	Aerobic	24.2 %	OECD Guideline 301D

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available/Not applicable.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Cured adhesives are immobile.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available/Not applicable

12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available/Not applicable

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product disposal:

Dispose of as water insoluble non-toxic solid chemical in authorised landfill or incinerate under controlled conditions. Dispose of in accordance with local and national regulations. Contribution of this product to waste is very insignificant in comparison to article in which it is used



Disposal of uncleaned packages:

After use, tubes, cartons and bottles containing residual product should be disposed of as chemically contaminated waste in an authorised legal land fill site or incinerated. Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

Waste code:

08 04 09 waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents and other dangerous substances. The valid EWC waste code numbers are source-related. The manufacturer is therefore unable to specify EWC waste codes for the articles or products used in the various sectors. The EWC codes listed are intended as a recommendation for users. We will be happy to advise you.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods ADNR: Not dangerous goods IMDG: Not dangerous goods IATA: UN3334

Please note that Cyanoacrylates are restricted for air transportation in packages containing more tan 500g. The "Package" is the individual bottle, tube or drum, not a carton containing many bottles.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods ADNR: Not dangerous goods IMDG: Not dangerous goods IATA: Aviation regulated liquid, n.o.s. (Cyanoacrylate ester)

Please note that Cyanoacrylates are restricted for air transportation in packages containing more tan 500g. The "Package" is the individual bottle, tube or drum, not a carton containing many bottles.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods ADNR: Not dangerous goods IMDG: Not dangerous goods IATA: 9

Please note that Cyanoacrylates are restricted for air transportation in packages containing more tan 500g. The "Package" is the individual bottle, tube or drum, not a carton containing many bottles.

14.4. Packaging group

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods ADNR: Not dangerous goods IMDG: Not dangerous goods IATA: III

Please note that Cyanoacrylates are restricted for air transportation in packages containing more tan 500g. The "Package" is the individual bottle, tube or drum, not a carton containing many bottles.



14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: no ADNR: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no IATA: no

14.6. Special precautions for user

No data available/Not applicable

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

No data available/Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

VOC Content < 3 % (1999/13/EEC)

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

For this product a chemical safety assessment has been carried out

SECTION 16: Other information

The labelling of the product is indicated in Sections 2 and 3. The full text of all abbreviations indicated by codes in this safety data sheet are as follows:

Repr.	Reproductive toxicity
Carc.	Carcinogenicity
Muta.	Germ cell mutagenicity
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
Eye Dam.	Serious eye damage
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitization
Aquatic Acute	Hazardous to the aquatic environment
Aquatic Chronic	Hazardous to the aquatic environment with chronic effects.
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H341	Suspected of causing genetic deffects
H351	Suspected of causing cáncer
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects



EUH202	Cyanoacrylate. Danger. Bonds skin and eyes in seconds. Keep out of the reach of children.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing.

Further information

This information is based on our current level of knowledge and relates to the product in the state in which it is delivered. It is intended to describe our products from the point of view of safety requirements and is not intended to guarantee any particular properties.

This safety data sheet was prepared in accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008.

